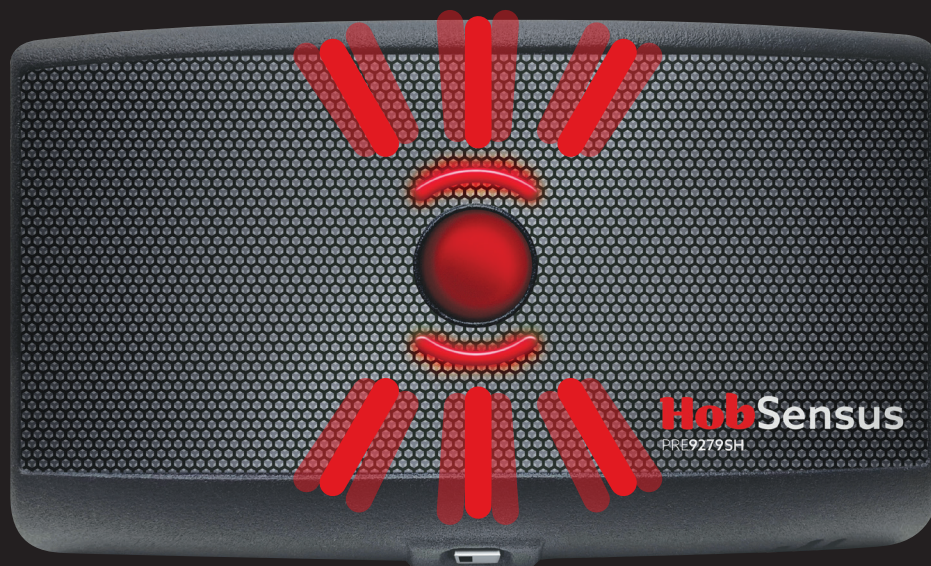


**HobSensus**  
Making kitchens safer



What do the  
flashing lights  
represent?



Cleverly simple  
**control** of energy.

### Sensor Head (PRE9279SH)



#### LED Indication

#### Meaning

● Steady Amber	First power up - unit is initialising.
⚡ Flashing Amber for 1 minute	While in auto-on mode the unit will flash Amber for 1 minute while checking to see if the hob is in the off state.

### During normal operation

○ Off	Standby mode.
⚡ 3 Green flashes	Unit has been activated.
⚡ Green flash every 3 seconds	Unit is active and monitoring the hob. Temperatures are within safe limits.
⚡ Flash Amber every second	Pre-alarm state, cooking temperatures are approaching dangerous levels.
⚡ Flash Amber every 3 seconds	Button has been pressed during the pre-alarm state, the alarm has been silenced. Cooking temperatures are approaching dangerous levels.
⚡ Flash Red 3 times a second	Temperature at cut-off level, Hob power has been cut. The red button has been pressed to silence the alarm.
⚡ Flash Amber every second	The current time-run is about to expire.
⚡ Flashing Amber every 3 seconds for 3 minutes	Timer has expired, hob has been switched off, the unit is in cooling mode.

### Lockout indication

**Note:** Lockouts are indicated by the LEDs flashing in sequence. When hard-wired the LEDs will flash every 3 seconds. When battery powered the LEDs will only flash every 10 seconds to conserve battery life. Resolution of Lockouts can be found on the next page.

● Steady Red for 10 seconds	Lockout detected
⚡ 1 regular Red flash	Leak Sensor triggered.
⚡ 2 regular Red flashes	Cut-off VFC input triggered.
⚡ 3 regular Red flashes	Tamper Detected.
⚡ 4 regular Red flashes	Communication fault between Sensor Head (SH) and Power Switching Unit (PSU).
⚡ 5 regular Red flashes	Internal Fault detected.
⚡ 6 regular Red flashes	Sensor not calibrated.

### Power Switching Unit (PRE9279PSU)



● Steady Green	PSU is powered.
● Steady Red	Relay closed, power to hob active.
⚡ Flashing Red	Fault detected (see Sensor Head LEDs for fault identification).



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A lockout will automatically clear when the lockout trigger is resolved. For example if a communication fault has triggered a lockout the hob power will be disconnected and the Sensor Head LEDs show steady read for 10 seconds then flash 3 times in quick succession periodically. When communication is restored the lockout will automatically clear and HobSensus will return to standby mode ready for use.

**Note:** Any troubleshooting steps in **RED** indicates the HobSensus units should be safely isolated before completing the troubleshooting step.

<p><b>1 Flash:</b></p> <p>Leak Detection Sensor (LDS) triggered</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>Check the connected LDS pad is completely dry.</b></li> <li>2. <b>Inspect the LDS cabling for damage. Replace the entire unit if any damage is found.</b></li> <li>3. <b>Remove the LDS foam pad and ensure there are no foreign materials on the detection PCB or the foam pad.</b></li> <li>4. <b>Clean the detection pad PCB with a isopropyl alcohol wipe.</b></li> <li>5. <b>Check the unit is wired as per the wiring digram on page 13 or the wiring document.</b></li> <li>6. Ensure the connected leak pad is an approved Prefect Controls PRE2000LDS.</li> </ol>
<p><b>2 Flashes:</b></p> <p>Cut-off VFC input open</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>If no VFC input is connected ensure the supplied link is fitted in the "Cut-off VFC in" terminals.</b></li> <li>2. Ensure the device connected to the VFC terminals utilises 0V normally closed contacts.</li> <li>3. <b>Ensure the pluggable low voltage 6 way terminal is securely plugged in.</b></li> <li>4. Ensure the third party device is closing it's contacts when expected.</li> </ol>
<p><b>3 Flashes:</b></p> <p>Tamper detected</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the Sensor Head is mounted in the correct position, see page 10/11 for details.</li> <li>2. Check the Sensor Head has a clear unobstructed view of the hob cooking area.</li> <li>3. Check the sensor window is clear and clean.</li> <li>4. Check the sensor window has not been tampered with, or has been covered with a foreign material.</li> <li>5. <b>Inspect both units for physical damage. Any damaged units must be kept safely isolated and replaced as soon as possible.</b></li> <li>6. <b>Check the connected loads, if a cooker, grill or extractor has been connected to HobSensus this will cause false triggers, a settings change is required in this case, see page 25 for details.</b></li> <li>7. <b>Check if the load is connected via a contactor. This will cause false triggers, a settings change is required in this case, see page 25 for details.</b></li> </ol>
<p><b>4 Flashes:</b></p> <p>Communication fault</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. See page 38 for communication fault diagnosis.</li> <li>2. Check the units are in range.</li> <li>3. Check the units are correctly paired to their respective partners.</li> <li>4. Check both the Sensor Head and Power Switching Unit are powered.</li> <li>5. Ensure the Sensor Head batteries are 3.6V DC or above. See page 16 for details.</li> <li>6. <b>Check the units are wired as per the wiring digram on page 13 or the wiring document.</b></li> <li>7. Check for obstructions between the Sensor Head and Power Switching Unit, wireless range will be reduced by any obstructions between the Sensor Head and Power Switching Unit.</li> </ol>
<p><b>5 Flashes:</b></p> <p>Internal system fault</p>	<p>The HobSensus units have detected an internal fault. Safely isolate and lock off the units immediately. Contact Prefect Controls for assistance.</p>
<p><b>6 Flashes:</b></p> <p>Sensor calibration fault</p>	<p>The HobSensus units have detected a sensor fault, safely isolate and lock off the units immediately. Contact Prefect Controls for assistance.</p>